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APPLICATION THAT MET THE REQUIREMENTS TO BE GRANTED A
FILING DATE.

APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/531,727

FILING DATE: *December 22, 2003*

RELATED PCT APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US04/41855



Certified By

Jon W Dudas

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PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT COVER SHEET

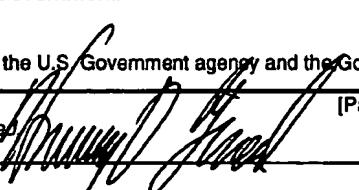
This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53 (c).

Express Mail Label no. EL995078824US

16018 U.S. PTO
60/531727

122203

| INVENTOR(S) | | | |
|---|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Given Name (first and middle [if any]) | Family Name or Surname | Residence (City and either State or Foreign Country) | |
| Max Ward | Muterspaugh | Indianapolis, Indiana | |
| Matthew Thomas | Mayer | Indianapolis, Indiana | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Additional inventors are being named on the _____ separately numbered sheets attached hereto | | | |
| TITLE OF THE INVENTION (500 characters max) | | | |
| 'AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL WITH OPTIMUM ADJACENT CHANNEL PROTECTION | | | |
| Direct all correspondence to: CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Customer Number <input type="text"/> | | | |
| OR | | | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Firm or Individual Name | JOSEPH S. TRIPOLI, THOMSON LICENSING INC. | | |
| Address | PATENT OPERATIONS | | |
| Address | P. O. BOX 5312 | | |
| City | PRINCETON | State NJ | ZIP 08543-5312 |
| Country | USA | Telephone 609 - 734-6834 | Fax 609 - 734-6888 |
| ENCLOSED APPLICATION PARTS (check all that apply) | | | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification Number of Pages | 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> CD(s), Number | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s) Number of Sheets | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76 | | | |
| METHOD OF PAYMENT OF FILING FEES FOR THIS PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27. <input type="checkbox"/> A check or money order is enclosed to cover the filing fees <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Director is hereby authorized to charge filing fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account Number: <u>07-0832</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. | | | FILING FEE AMOUNT (\$) |
| | | | <input type="text" value="\$160"/> |
| The invention was made by an agency of the United States Government or under a contract with an agency of the United States Government. | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> No. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, the name of the U.S. Government agency and the Government contract number are: _____. | | | |

Respectfully submitted
 SIGNATURE 
 TYPED or PRINTED NAME Harvey D. Fried
 TELEPHONE 609-734-6811

[Page 1 of 2] Date 12/22/03
 REGISTRATION NO. 28,298
 (if appropriate)
 Docket Number: PU030331

USE ONLY FOR FILING A PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT
 This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.51. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 8 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Mail Stop Provisional Application, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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FEE TRANSMITTAL

for FY 2003

Effective 01/01/2003. Patent fees are subject to annual revision.

 Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$ 160)

Complete if Known

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Application Number | |
| Filing Date | |
| First Named Inventor | Max Ward Muterspaugh |
| Examiner Name | |
| Art Unit | |
| Attorney Docket No. | PU030331 |

METHOD OF PAYMENT (check all that apply)

 Check Credit card Money Order Other None
 Deposit Account:

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| Deposit Account Number | 07-0832 |
| Deposit Account Name | THOMSON LICENSING INC. |

The Director is authorized to: (check all that apply)

 Charge fee(s) indicated below Credit any overpayments
 Charge any additional fee(s) during the pendency of this application
 Charge fee(s) indicated below, except for the filing fee to the above-identified deposit account.

FEE CALCULATION

1. BASIC FILING FEE

| Large Entity | Small Entity | Fee Description | Fee Paid |
|---------------|---------------|------------------------|----------|
| Fee Code (\$) | Fee Code (\$) | | |
| 1001 770 | 2001 385 | Utility filing fee | |
| 1002 340 | 2002 170 | Design filing fee | |
| 1003 530 | 2003 265 | Plant filing fee | |
| 1004 770 | 2004 385 | Reissue filing fee | 160 |
| 1005 160 | 2005 80 | Provisional filing fee | |
| SUBTOTAL (1) | | | (\$ 160) |

2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES FOR UTILITY AND REISSUE

| Total Claims | Independent Claims | Extra Claims | Fee from below | Fee Paid |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|----------|
| | | ** | = 0 | X 0 = 0 |
| | | ** | = 0 | X 0 = 0 |
| | | | X 0 | = 0 |

| Large Entity | Small Entity | Fee Description |
|---------------|---------------|--|
| Fee Code (\$) | Fee Code (\$) | |
| 1202 18 | 2202 9 | Claims in excess of 20 |
| 1201 86 | 2201 43 | Independent claims in excess of 3 |
| 1203 290 | 2203 145 | Multiple dependent claim, if not paid |
| 1204 86 | 2204 43 | ** Reissue independent claims over original patent |
| 1205 18 | 2205 9 | ** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent |
| SUBTOTAL (2) | | (\$ 0) |

*or number previously paid, if greater; For Reissues, see above

FEE CALCULATION (continued)

3. ADDITIONAL FEES

| Large Entity | Small Entity | Fee Description | Fee Paid |
|---------------|---------------|--|----------|
| Fee Code (\$) | Fee Code (\$) | | |
| 1051 130 | 2051 65 | Surcharge - late filing fee or oath | |
| 1052 50 | 2052 25 | Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet | |
| 1053 130 | 1053 130 | Non-English specification | |
| 1812 2,520 | 1812 2,520 | For filing a request for reexamination | |
| 1804 920* | 1804 920* | Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action | |
| 1805 1,840* | 1805 1,840* | Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action | |
| 1251 110 | 2251 55 | Extension for reply within first month | |
| 1252 420 | 2252 210 | Extension for reply within second month | |
| 1253 950 | 2253 475 | Extension for reply within third month | |
| 1254 1,480 | 2254 740 | Extension for reply within fourth month | |
| 1255 2,010 | 2255 1,005 | Extension for reply within fifth month | |
| 1401 330 | 2401 165 | Notice of Appeal | |
| 1402 330 | 2402 165 | Filing a brief in support of an appeal | |
| 1403 290 | 2403 145 | Request for oral hearing | |
| 1451 1,510 | 1451 1,510 | Petition to institute a public use proceeding | |
| 1452 110 | 2452 55 | Petition to revive - unavoidable | |
| 1453 1,330 | 2453 665 | Petition to revive - unintentional | |
| 1501 1,330 | 2501 665 | Utility issue fee (or reissue) | |
| 1502 480 | 2502 240 | Design issue fee | |
| 1503 640 | 2503 320 | Plant issue fee | |
| 1460 130 | 1460 130 | Petitions to the Commissioner | |
| 1807 50 | 1807 50 | Processing fee under 37 CFR 1.17 (q) | |
| 1806 180 | 1806 180 | Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt | |
| 8021 40 | 8021 40 | Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties) | |
| 1809 770 | 2809 385 | Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR § 1.129(a)) | |
| 1810 770 | 2810 385 | For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR § 1.129(b)) | |
| 1801 770 | 2801 385 | Request for Continued Examination (RCE) | |
| 1802 900 | 1802 900 | Request for expedited examination of a design application | |

Other fee (specify) _____

*Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid

SUBTOTAL (3)

(\$ 0)

| | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------------|
| SUBMITTED BY | | Complete if applicable | | |
| Name (Print/Type) | Harvey D. Fried | Registration No. (Attorney/Agent) | 28,298 | Telephone 609-734-6811 |
| Signature | | | Date | December 22, 2003 |

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Automatic Gain control With Optimum

Adjacent Channel Protection

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to the field of tuners, and in particular, the field of television tuners with automatic gain control.

Description of Related Art

When a relatively weak signal is being received, the presence of much stronger adjacent interfering signals can 10 overload the tuner and prevent reception due to the resulting distortion. Prior art circuits detected the presence of strong adjacent channels and applied this to reduce the gain of the tuner. This previous solution did not function well for interference much stronger than the desired. It also did 15 not make an optimum function for both analog and digital interfering signals.

The previous solutions allow a great deal of the adjacent channel signals to affect the gain control function. This results in an excessive reduction of tuner gain in the 20 presence of strong interference. The previous implementation attempted to use a microprocessor algorithm to correct this. It did not make provisions for whether the interference was from a digital or analog signal. Reference is made to "NXT2002 Application Note: NXT2002 MEV Automatic Gain 25 Control" by Nxtwave Communications, div. of ATI, One Summit Square, Route 413 and Doublewoods Road, Langhorne, PA 19047.

Summary of the Invention

In accordance with the inventive arrangements, the 30 automatic gain control of a television tuner is modified to include the presence of an adjacent interfering channel. This frequency response of the circuitry deriving such control is optimized for the presence of either analog or digital interfering signals.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Figure 1 is a block diagram of a modern television receiver equipped to receive both analog and digital signals. The significant sections are a tuner for selecting a desired television channel, amplifying and converting that channel to an intermediate frequency (IF) of 41 to 47 MHz, a filtering and amplification means to remove undesired channels and prepare the signal for demodulation and further processing to audio and video outputs. The received signals vary greatly in amplitude and a further means of deriving an automatic gain control signal is provided and applied to the tuner at a gain control input such that this variation may be compensated.

Prior to the introduction of digital television, adjacent channel frequencies were never assigned in the same geographical region. This practice, in the vast majority of cases, prevented interference from adjacent channels. For cable delivery, adjacent channels are permitted, but the relative levels are carefully controlled such that extremely adverse variations in signal level are not present.

With the introduction of digital television, it was required that adjacent channels be used such that both analog and digital signals could be transmitted during the transition period until virtually all televisions receivers had been replaced with new units capable of digital reception. This has resulted in increased interference and a new problem in which relatively weak digital television signals can suffer interference from adjacent analog or digital signals that can be relatively much stronger than before.

In a previous implementation, a gain reduction control was derived by sampling the signal present at the output of the tuner before any significant filtering was applied to remove the adjacent channel signals. This is indicated as "point A" in Figure 1. In operation without interference, the

desired signal is converted into a control voltage and applied to reduce the tuner gain in a manner to maintain a nearly constant output signal from the tuner. With the presence of adjacent channel interference, those signals also contribute 5 to the control voltage to further reduce the tuner gain. This prevents overload in the tuner and allows reception with moderately adverse conditions. A problem exists with extremely strong adjacent channel signals, for example 20 to 10 40 dB stronger than the desired channel, when this gain control signal is dominated by the interference. The tuner gain is reduced to a very low level such that the desired signal is below a critical level for proper demodulation 15 and/or obscured by noise. Various solutions have been attempted using a microprocessor control to correct for this, but a problem exists in that the converted control signal is dominated by the interference and has little information regarding the amplitude of the desired signal. The converter for the control signal also responds differently in the presence of analog and digital interfering signals.

20 A first part of the invention is to derive the control from a signal that has been carefully filtered to remove a majority of the adjacent channel interference. This is indicated by "Point B" in Figure 2. The preceding SAW (surface acoustic wave) filter SAW1 is primarily wide enough 25 to pass the desired channel, but also allows a small amount of the adjacent channel signal to pass. This can be amplified, converted into a control voltage and processed to control the tuner gain. Such control is made to reduce tuner gain as the signals at Point B increase. By controlling the amount of 30 adjacent channel signal with the bandwidth of such filter, the amount of influence of adjacent channel power can be controlled.

Digital television signals are characterized by having a very uniform distribution of power over the bandwidth of that signal. For example, if the signal is filtered to remove half of the bandwidth, the power is reduced by half. Thus, the 5 influence of digital interfering signals is easily controlled. At the converted IF (intermediate frequency) output of the tuner, the desired signal is between 41 and 47 MHz. By extending the frequency response of the filter SAW1 to slightly exceed this range, the control range provided by 10 digital adjacent channel interference can be well controlled.

A second problem exists with analog interference. In analog television, the signal power is concentrated near the carriers, specifically the picture and sound carriers. In the presence of analog interference, the adjacent sound carrier is 15 very close to the band edge of the desired, specifically 47.25 MHz. It was discovered that the presence of that sound carrier produced too much power and adversely reduced the tuner gain more than desired. Thus, a simple filter solution by adjusting the SAW filter bandwidth did not work optimally 20 for both digital and analog interference.

A second part of the invention is to introduce a narrow stop band filter, or "trap" to specifically control the level of such an analog sound carrier. One such implementation is shown in Figure 3 with the addition of circuit elements L3, 25 C9, R9, and X1. Specifically, the element X1 is a ceramic resonator tuned to shunt 47.25 MHz frequencies. The elements L3 and C9 are added to optimize impedances for the amplifier and resistor R9 is added to control the amount of attenuation of the 47.25 MHz sound carrier.

30 By adjusting the bandwidth of the SAW filter SAW1, the gain of the amplifier and the circuit elements associated with the 47.25 MHz trap, the resulting gain control signal applied to the tuner can not only be optimized to prevent overload of

a much greater variation of interfering signal levels, but also optimized for both digital and analog interfering signals.

Figure 4 shows a plot of output voltage vs. frequency for a signal applied to the SAW filter input at point A (in Figure 2) and an output voltage measured at point C. Two frequency responses are shown. Curve X is without the addition of the 47.25 MHz trap elements, namely C9, R9 and X1. Curve Y is taken with these elements added and shows the adjustment in frequency response made to optimize operation for analog interfering signals. The frequency response between 47.00 and 48.00 MHz is the adjacent channel bandwidth that is processed to effect the tuner gain control in the presence of the above adjacent channel interference.

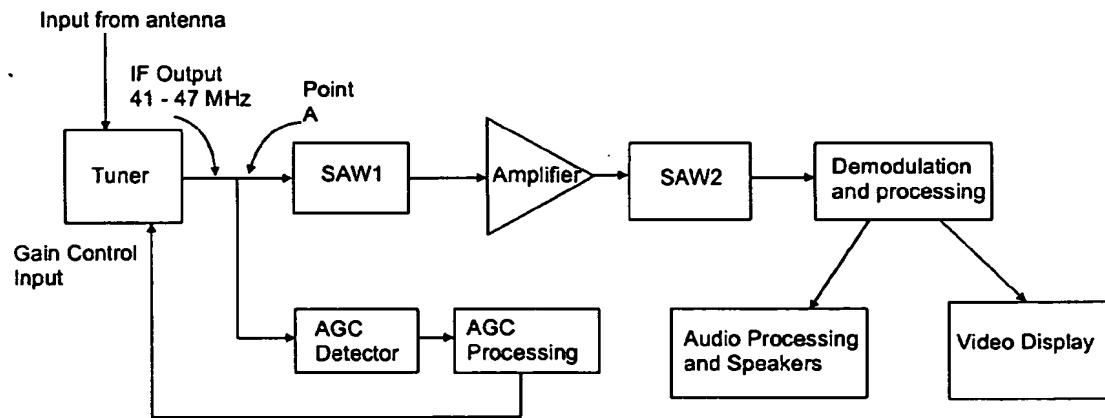


Figure 1

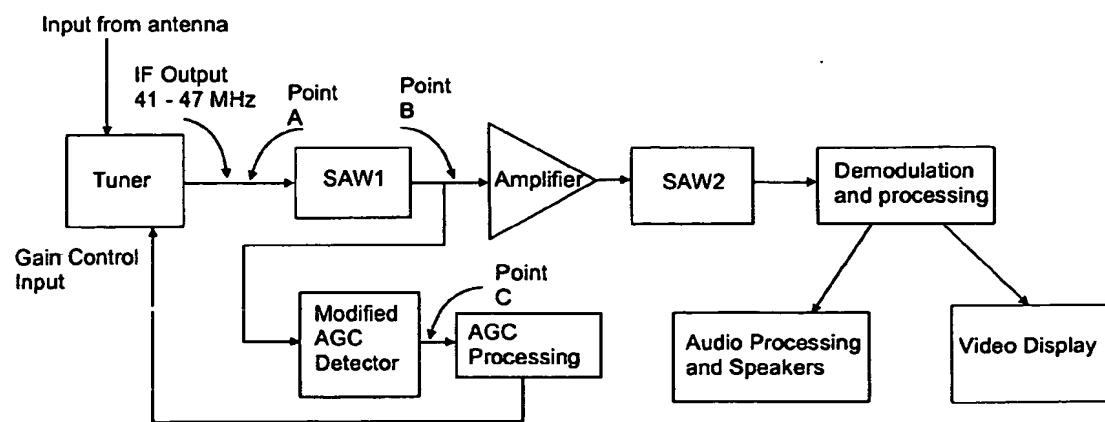


Figure 2

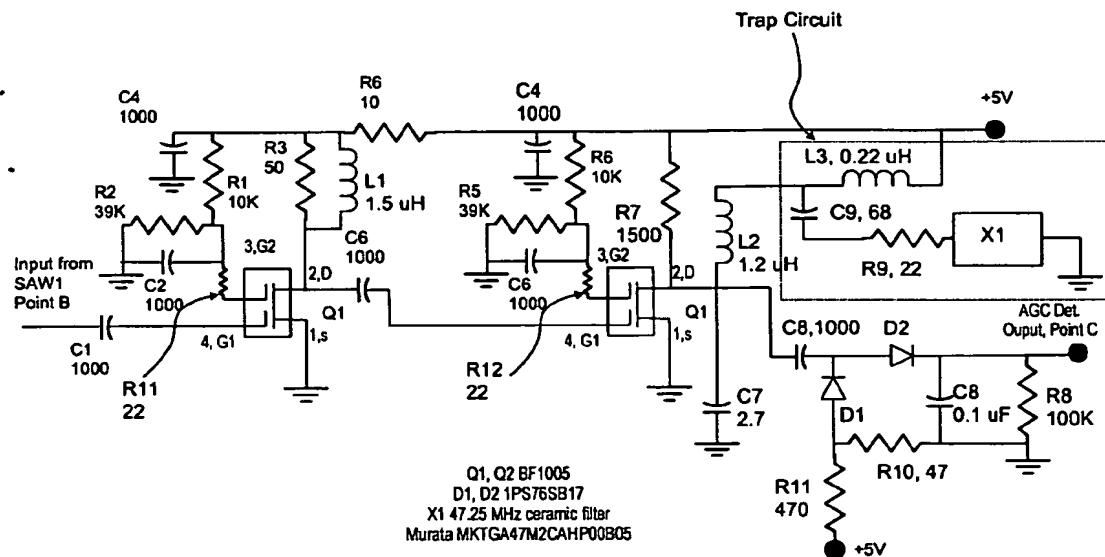


Figure 3

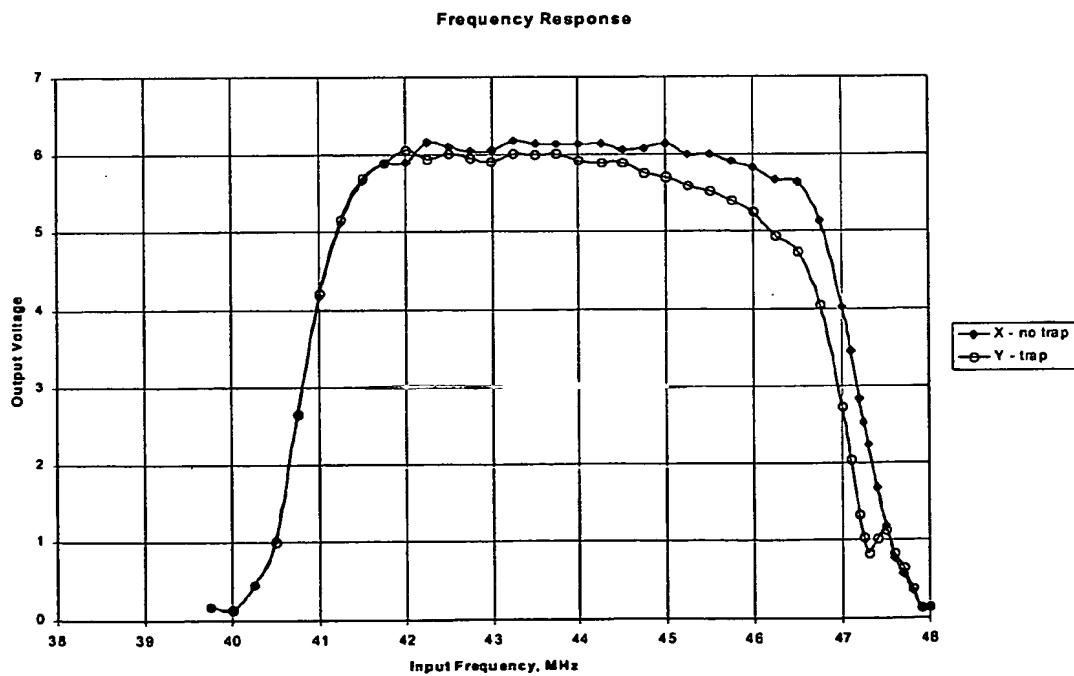


Figure 4

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